PROJECT PROFILE

| Title of the Project | : | Development of volatile based lure for key insects pests of commercial tree species - teak (<i>Tectona garndis</i>) and Ailanthus (<i>Ailathus excelsa</i> and <i>A. tryphysa</i>) |
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| Principle Investigator | : | Dr. John Prasanth Jacob |
| Co Investigators | : | Dr. N. Bakthavatsalam |
| Duration of Project (Start & End) | : | 3 years (01-04-2019 to 31-03-2022) |
| Objectives | | 1. To study the biology and ecology of the seed pest, <i>Bootanelleus</i> |
| | | orientalis in the field and potted Casuarina seed orchards |
| | | 2. Development of management strategies through chemicals and |
| | | botanical pesticides |
| Funding agency | : | ICFRE |
| Summary/Achievements | : | Study identified several foliar volatiles from T. grandis and A. |
| | | excelsa that have elicited strong antennal responses electro- |
| | | physiologically by <i>H. puera</i> and E. narcissus. However the field |
| | | trials with the different blends of these identified chemicals tends |
| | | to show that all the compounds that cause physiological response |
| | | need not give a significant behavioural response in adult insects. |
| | | The physiological status of the adult female with developed eggs |
| | | may cease to play an active role in the attraction to the plant |
| | | volatiles than the pheromones. Present results tend to show that |
| | | this volatile identity could only be used as a cue to attract the |
| | | adults towards oviposition and that this could be used in tandem |
| | | with the sex pheromone to improve the efficacy of trapping. |